Wright State University offers all the courses necessary to meet the requirements for admission to any medical school in the United States. In addition, all required courses are offered two to three times a year to accommodate students’ schedules.

It is important to note that students who want to go to medical school will always have their best chance of getting accepted to medical schools in the state of Ohio, as long as they are Ohio residents. Ohio is fortunate to have seven medical schools, six of which grant the MD degree (allopathic medical schools) and one which grants the DO degree (osteopathic medical school). Osteopathic medical schools incorporate Osteopathic Manipulative Treatment (OMT) within their medical education and students are eligible to participate in all the same specialties offered by allopathic medical schools.

What do medical schools look for in an applicant?

- GPA of at least 3.5; science GPA near 3.5
- MCAT scores above 500 (508 to be competitive)
- Healthcare experience
- Community Service / volunteering
- Involvement in extracurricular activities
- Strong letters of evaluation
- Outgoing personality, leadership skills, compassion, empathy, team skills and integrity
- Socioeconomic factors, race and gender

Holistic Review.... what does this mean? It is defined as a flexible, individualized way of assessing an applicant’s capabilities by which balanced consideration is given to experiences, attributes and academic metrics (E-A-M) and, when considered in combination, how the individual might contribute value as a medical student and future physician. Medical schools analyze a broad range of attributes, including those related to the applicant’s skills and abilities, personal and professional characteristics, and demographic factors.

Core Pre-Requisites

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Requirement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Biology</td>
<td>BIO 1120 &amp; 1150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physics</td>
<td>PHY 1110 &amp; 1120</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemistry</td>
<td>CHM 1210 &amp; 1220</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O-Chemistry</td>
<td>CHM 2110 &amp; 2120</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>English</td>
<td>ENG 1100 &amp; 2100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Strongly recommended by some medical schools

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Requirement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mathematics</td>
<td>MTH 2240 or STT 2640</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Human A&amp;P</td>
<td>ANT 3100 &amp; 3120</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biochemistry</td>
<td>BMB 4210 &amp; 4230/3220</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Ways students prepare for medical school

College students take advantage of a wide variety of programs to prepare for a career in medicine or science. The following shows the percentage of students who participate in:

- *Volunteer or worked in a health care setting* (94%)
- *MCAT preparation course* (63%)
- *Laboratory Research* (60%)
- *Summer academic enrichment* (12%)
- *Post-baccalaureate program; career changers* (8%)
- *Post-baccalaureate program; academic enhancement* (7%)

Choice of Major

Unbeknownst to many college students, there is no such thing as the “best” major for those bound for medical school. In fact, no medical school requires a specific major for its applicants. Even so, many students choose to major in a scientific discipline because they are fascinated by science and believe that such a major will be the foundation for a variety of career options. However, this does not enhance your chances for admissions. Admissions committees welcome students whose intellectual curiosity leads them to a wide variety of disciplines, including social sciences, liberal arts and humanities.

Straight to Medical School from College….or Not? If a year or more has passed since you graduated from college, you’re not alone. Almost 50% of matriculating medical students have a “gap” year between college and medical school of at least twelve months.

What is the MCAT?

Simply put, the MCAT (Medical Colleges Admissions Test) exam helps admissions officers identify which students are likely to succeed in medical school. In April 2015, the AAMC launched the New MCAT exam. The exam has been updated to reflect changes in medicine and science and to test examinees on not only what they know but how well they use what they know. The exam is structured in the following format:

- Biological and Biochemical Foundations of Living Systems
- Chemical and Physical Foundations of Living Systems
- Psychological, Social, and Biological Foundations of Behavior
- Critical Analysis and Reasoning Skills

You will receive five scores from your MCAT exam: one for each of the four sections and one combined score. Each of the four sections is scored from a low of 118 to a high of 132. The total score ranges from 472 to 526. Almost all U.S. medical schools require you to submit MCAT exam scores. Many schools do not accept MCAT scores that are more than three years old.

To prepare for this exam, students are strongly recommended to complete additional courses in psychology, sociology, molecular/cell biology, genetics, and medical ethics.

For additional information please visit our website:

www.wright.edu/pre-health

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